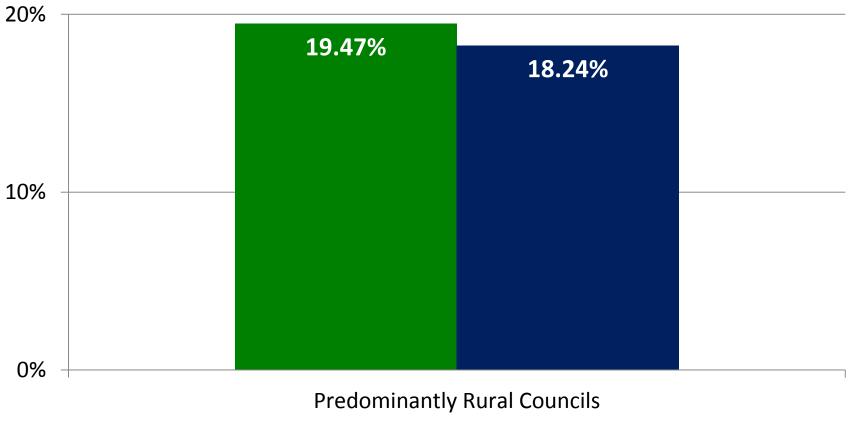
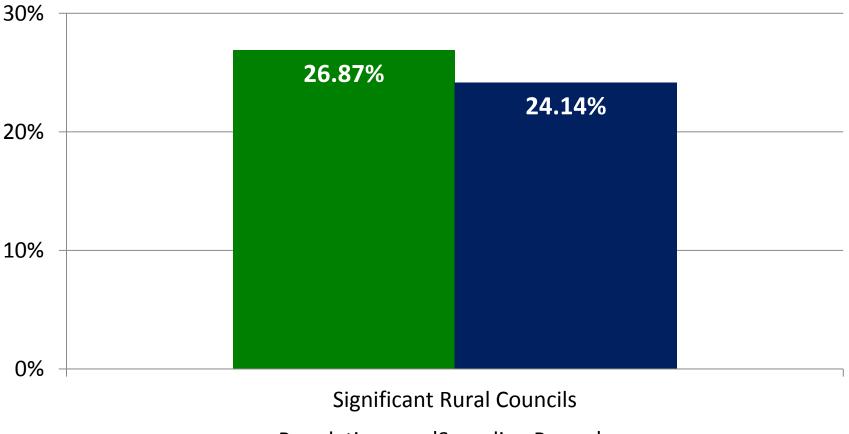
Formula consultation response: Case for SPARSE authorities

All the figures shown in this presentation are 2011/12 funding figures taken from the Communities Department Local Government Settlement website Predominantly Rural Authorities account for 19.47% of England's population but only receive 18.24% of England's 'Spending Power'



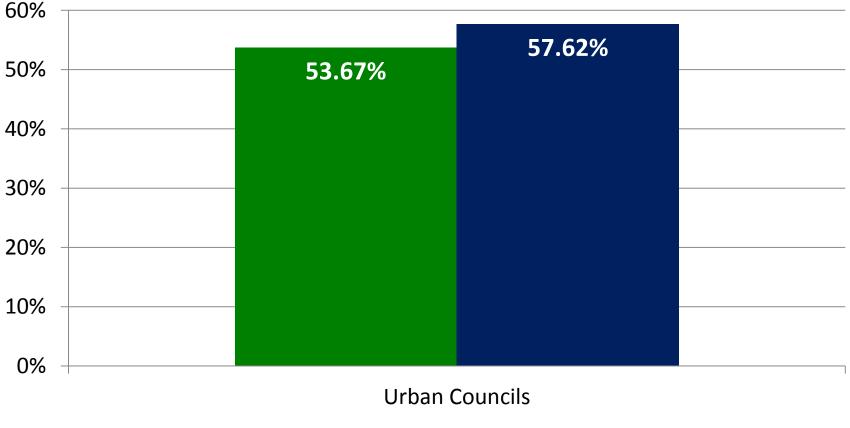
Population Spending Power'

Significant Rural Authorities account for 26.87% of England's population but only receive 24.14% of England's 'Spending Power'



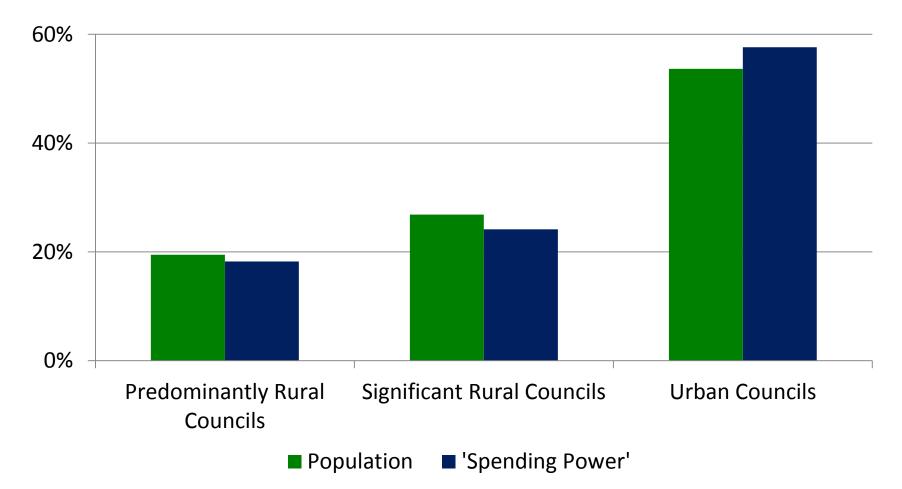
Population Spending Power'

Urban Authorities account for 53.67% of England's population but receive 57.62% of England's 'Spending Power'



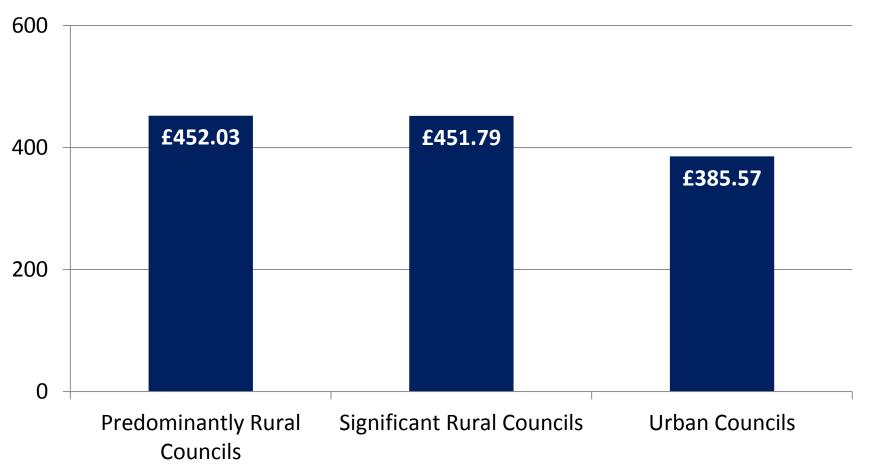
Population Spending Power'

Disparity between population and 'Spending Power'



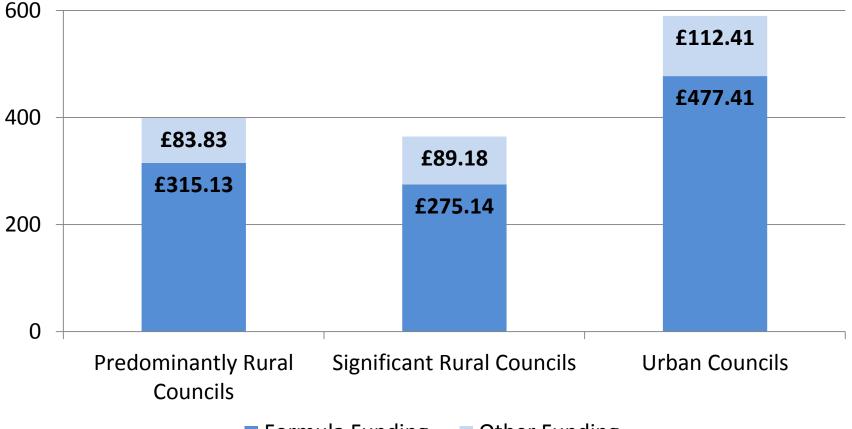
As usual, next year rural residents pay more Council Tax than urban residents ...

Council Tax per head



... but rural residents will receive significantly less in Government funding than urban residents in 2011/12

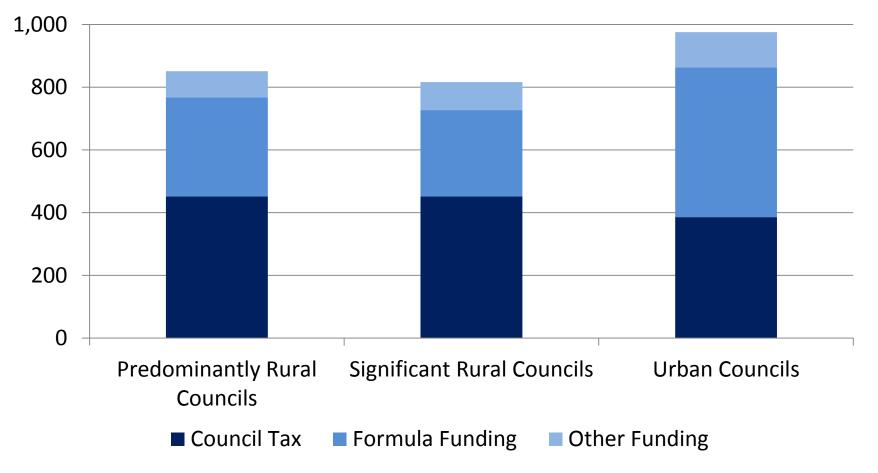
Government funding per head



Formula Funding Other Funding

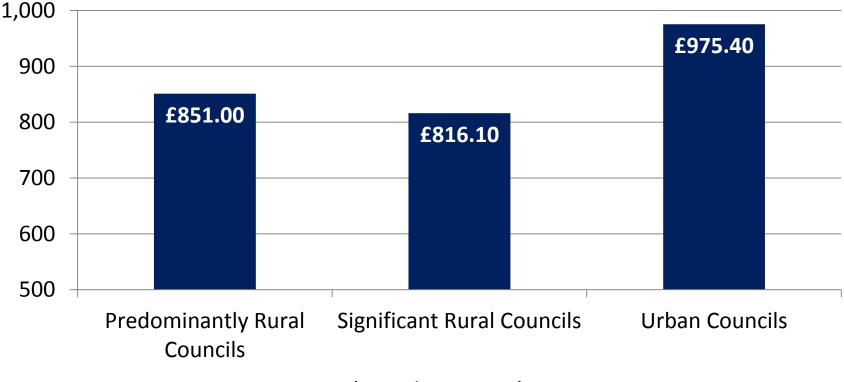
Taken together, rural residents pay more but receive less in the way of service expenditure

'Spending Power' per head



Local Government funding in 2011/12 continues to be unfair on rural communities

'Spending Power' per head



■ 'Spending Power'

The rural case

- The latest settlement does not address the disparity 'spending power' between urban and rural authorities
- Rural authorities continue to receive less and continue to face both a 'rural premium' and higher proportion of fixed costs
- This can only be addressed by a fundamental review of the 'four block' formula which inadequately recognises 'needs' in rural areas