

Protecting and improving the nation's health

Fingertips and Local Healthwhat can these tools tell us about health and wellbeing in rural areas?

Local Knowledge and Intelligence Service - West Midlands

Public Health England

We exist to protect and improve the nation's health and wellbeing, and reduce health inequalities.



Local Knowledge and Intelligence Service (LKIS)

7 County Durham Northumberland 1 Newcastle upon Tyne Hartlepool 2 8 3 North Tyneside 9 Darlington Gateshead 4 10 Stockton-on-Tees South Tyneside 11 Middlesbrough 5 Sunderland 12 Redcar and Cleveland 6 YORKSHIRE AND HUMBER **NORTH WEST** 36 North Yorkshire 44 Barnsley 13 37 York 45 Sheffield 1011 12 13 Cumbria 25 Oldham 38 Bradford 46 Rotherham 14 Lancashire 26 Salford 39 Leeds 47 Doncaster 15 Blackpool 27 Manchester 40 East Riding of Yorkshire 48 North Lincolnshire 16 Blackburn with Darwen 28 Tameside 36 41 Calderdale 49 City of Kingston upon Hull 17 Sefton 29 Trafford 42 Kirklees 50 North East Lincolnshire 18 Liverpool 30 Stockport Wakefield 43 37 19 Knowsley 31 Halton 40 14 20 St. Helens 32 Warrington 39 21 Wigan 33 Wirral 22 Bolton 34 Cheshire West and Chester EAST MIDLANDS 2223 23 Bury 35 Cheshire East 24 Rochdale 51 Derbyshire 52 Derby Nottinghamshire 53 54 Nottingham 51 53 55 55 Lincolnshire WEST MIDLANDS 61 56 Leicestershire 52 60 57 Leicester 60 Staffordshire 67 Sandwell 61 Stoke-on-Trent 68 Birmingham 58 Rutland 63 76 62 Shropshire 69 Warwickshire 59 Northamptonshire 62 74 64 65 63 Telford and Wrekin 70 Solihull 66⁶⁷68 64 Wolverhampton 71 Coventry 70 71 75 65 Walsall 72 Worcestershire 66 Dudley 73 County of Herefordshire 72 EAST OF ENGLAND 77 78 73 79 74 Peterborough 80 75 Cambridgeshire SOUTH WEST 81 82 76 Norfolk 83 104 104 Gloucestershire 77 Suffolk 105 South Gloucestershire 78 Bedford 107 106 Wiltshire 79 Milton Keynes 105 84 91 92 107 Swindon 108 8990 93 80 Central Bedfordshire 108 City of Bristol 110 81 Luton 106 109 North Somerset 82 Hertfordshire 98 100 110 Bath and North East Somerset 83 Essex 111 111 Somerset 84 Thurrock 112 Dorset 90 102 85 Southend-on-Sea 113 Poole 112 114 Bournemouth 115 115 Devon 116 Torbay 117 Plymouth 118 118 Cornwall SOUTH EAST 119 Isles of Scilly 98 Surrey Oxfordshire 92 Slough 86 87 Buckinghamshire 93 Bracknell Forest 99 West Sussex 88 West Berkshire 94 Hampshire 100 Kent 89 Reading 101 Medway 95 Southampton 50 100 200 km 0 90 Wokingham 96 Portsmouth 102 East Sussex

91 Windsor and Maidenhead

97 Isle of Wight

103 Brighton and Hove

NORTH EAST

Background

Important topic for PHE

Specific ask from local DsPH in rural Shires in WM

- Investigate reduced access to services
- To better understand the volume & nature of need





- Free resource
- Available online to anyone and everyone
- <u>https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/</u>

Public Health Profiles

Indicator keywords

Q

Highlighted Profiles

Child and Maternal Health Health Profiles Longer Lives Mental Health Dementia and Neurology National General Practice Profiles Public Health Outcomes Framework

National Public Health Profiles

Adult Social Care AMR local indicators Atlas of Variation Cancer Services Cardiovascular Disease Child and Maternal Health Diabetes Disease and risk factor prevalence End of Life Care Profiles Health assets profile Health Profiles

Longer Lives

Marmot Indicators

- Mental Health Dementia and Neurology
- Musculoskeletal Diseases
- **National General Practice Profiles**
- NCMP Local Authority Profile
- **NHS Health Check**
- Older People's Health and Wellbeing
- Oral Health Profile
- Peer benchmarking tool

User Guide

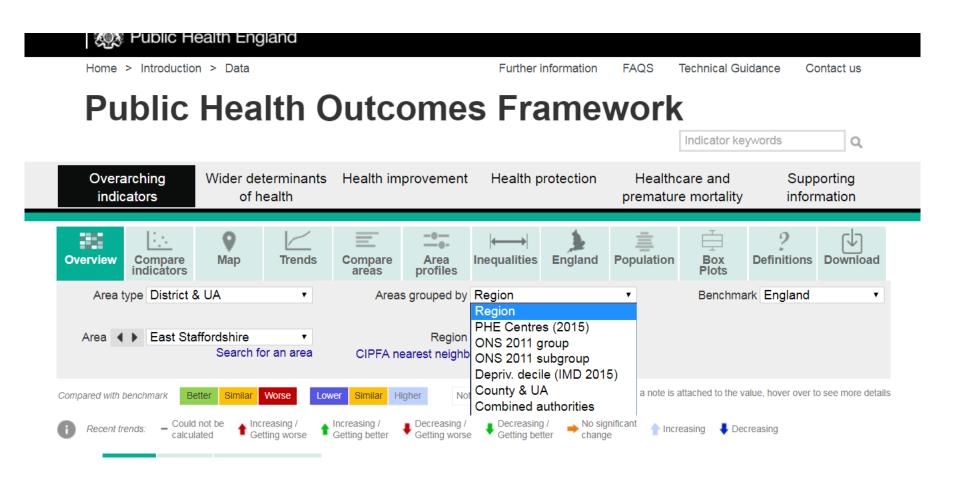
An introduction to using the Fingertips Tool

Latest News

December 2017: GP profiles: New format and new data



Multiple ways to compare the data



ONS subgroups

Rural-Urban Fringe Affluent Rural **Rural Growth Areas** Larger Towns and Cities University Towns and Cities **Older Farming Communities** Sparse English Countryside Ageing Coastal Living Seaside Living Ethn. Diverse Metropolitan Living

London Cosmopolitan Manufacturing Legacy Mining Legacy Service Economy Country Living **Prosperous Semi-Rural Prosperous Towns** Industrial and Multi-ethnic Urban Living City Periphery Expanded Areas

More relevant comparisons:

0.1ii - Life expectancy at birth (Female) 2013 - 15

Life expectancy - Years

Area	Recent Trend	Count	Value	95% Lower Cl	95% Upper Cl
England	-	-	83.1	83.1	83.1
Country Living	-	-	-		-
Amber Valley	-	-	82.6	82.1	83.2
Ashford	-	-	84.0	83.4	84.5
Babergh	-	-	84.4	83.7	85.0
Bassetlaw	-	-	81.8	81.2	82.4
Braintree	-	-	83.1	82.6	83.6
Broadland	-	-	84.3	83.8	84.8
Cheshire East	-	-	83.7	83.4	84.0
Daventry	-	-	83.2	82.5	83.9
East Cambridgeshire	-	-	84.8	H 84.1	85.4
East Northamptonshire	-	-	84.0	H 83.4	84.6
East Staffordshire	-	-	82.3	81.7	82.9
Erewash	-	-	82.9	82.3	83.4
Fenland	-	-	82.6	H 82.0	83.3
Forest of Dean	-	-	83.7	83.0	84.3
Harborough	-	-	84.5	H 83.8	85.2
Hinckley and Bosworth	-	-	84.2	83.6	84.8
Huntingdonshire	-	-	84.7	84.2	85.2
Maldon	-	-	83.6	82.8	84.4
Melton	-	-	83.7	H 82.7	84.6
Mid Suffolk	-	-	84.6	84.0	85.2
Newark and Sherwood	-	-	82.9	82.4	83.4
North Lincolnshire	-	-	82.5	82.0	83.0
North Warwickshire	-	-	82.2	81.4	83.1
North West Leicestershire	-	-	83.3	82.7	84.0
Selby	-	-	84.2	83.5	84.8
South Derbyshire	-	-	82.7	82.1	83.3
South Holland	-	-	83.0	82.4	83.6
South Kesteven	-	-	83.8	83.3	84.4
South Norfolk	-	-	84.3	83.7	84.9
South Northamptonshire	-	-	84.9	84.2	85.6
St. Edmundsbury	-		84.6	84.0	85.3
Staffordshire Moorlands	-		82.8	82.2	83.4
			00.0	02.2	

Can view many indicators together

Compared with benchmark Better Similar Worse Lower Similar Higher

Not compared

Indicator	Period	◄►	England	Country Living	unber Valley	4shford	Sabergh	Bassetlaw	Sraintree	Broadland	Cheshire East	Daventry	East Cambridgeshire	East Northamptonshire	East Staffordshire	Erewash	Fenland	-orest of Dean	larborough	-linckley and Bosworth	Huntingdonshire	Maldon	Wetton	Wid Suffolk	Vewark and Sherwood	Vorth Lincolnshire	Vorth Warwickshire	Vorth West Leicestershire	Selby	South Derbyshire	South Holland	South Kesteven
1.01i - Children in low income families (all dependent children under 20)	2014			13.8*	16.1	16.6	12.7	17.4	13.8	10.1	12.2	11.5	10.0	12.9	16.0	18.1	20.7	15.2	8.2	11.7	11.7	13.0	11.3	11.1	16.5	20.7	14.8	14.0	11.6	12.7	15.8	14.0
1.01ii - Children in low income families (under 16s)	2014		20.1	14.3*	16.6	17.2	13.3	18.1	14.0	10.3	12.6	12.0	10.1	13.4	16.3	18.6	21.3	15.5	8.5	12.1	11.9	13.4	11.9	11.4	17.2	21.3	15.4	14.4	11.9	13.1	16.4	14.7
1.03 - Pupil absence	2015/16		4.57	4.41*	4.28	5.19	4.26	4.55	4.24	4.41	4.21	4.46	4.06	4.76	3.99	4.37	4.71	4.74	4.15	4.30	4.36	4.11	4.31	4.23	4.77	4.31	4.72	4.24	4.16	4.21	4.91	4.08
1.08i - Gap in the employment rate between those with a long-term health condition and the overall employment rate	2016/17	•	29.4	35.8	39.1	35.6	30.1	34.6	38.9	33.8	34.5	32.1	35.6	41.0	33.6	35.6	45.1	25.8	42.6	34.3	37.9	23.8	28.9	39.3	40.5	25.5	39.4	27.8	52.0	34.6	52.1	38.8
1.08iv - Percentage of people aged 16-64 in employment (Persons)	2016/17	•	74.4	78.8*	80.9	80.8	71.3	68.2	78.0	80.5	76.4	81.0	82.5	79.4	78.5	86.4	78.2	73.9	76.8	79.2	79.2	67.2	82.1	76.1	80.0	72.8	84.0	75.0	80.3	82.3	76.0	80.2
1.08iv - Percentage of people aged 16-64 in employment (Male)	2016/17		79.5	83.4*	87.5	86.9	72.7	69.6	82.0	87.6	81.8	86.1	87.0	88.9	83.0	88.2	84.5	80.6	80.8	83.1	84.0	64.1	86.7	85.9	76.8	77.9	85.7	78.8	83.4	86.4	76.2	86.9
1.08iv - Percentage of people aged 16-64 in employment (Female)	2016/17	•	69.5	74.2*	74.6	74.8	69.9	66.9	74.0	73.4	71.0	76.1	78.1	69.6	73.9	84.7	71.9	67.1	73.1	75.5	74.5	70.2	77.6	66.6	83.1	67.6	82.3	71.2	77.2	78.1	75.9	73.9
1.09i - Sickness absence - the percentage of employees who had at least one day off in the previous week	2014 - 16	•	2.1	2.3	2.7	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.0	3.0	2.0	2.8	1.9	2.3	4.0	2.0	2.6	2.0	2.3	1.1	0.4	0.8	3.7	4.3	2.0	2.9	*	1.7	2.1	4.7	0.4	2.9
1.09ii - Sickness absence - the percentage of working days lost due to sickness absence	2014 - 16	<►	1.2	1.3	1.5	0.6	1.2	1.5	0.5	1.7	1.4	0.7	1.4	0.8	3.1	1.2	0.6	0.8	1.6	1.0	0.4	0.2	1.3	2.8	1.0	1.9	*	0.9	1.1	2.5	0.1	1.7
1.10 - Killed and seriously injured (KSI) casualties on England's roads	2013 - 15		38.5	45.9*	36.0	52.2	31.5	45.3	43.1	48.2	55.1	75.5	59.2	41.6	29.1	35.4	44.7	43.8	40.1	30.9	46.8	43.5	57.6	40.0	53.8	59.1	85.4	46.2	54.3	40.0	57.5	41.6
1.12i - Violent crime (including sexual violence) - hospital admissions for violence	2013/14 -15/16		44.8		32.5	23.1	16.5	40.8	25.8	15.7	48.1	36.7	22.4	23.9	28.4	38.1	37.6	17.4	18.8	26.6	18.6	17.7	17.5	15.4	36.9	39.4	37.5	17.6	21.1	24.3	26.9	21.7
1.12ii - Violent crime (including sexual violence) - violence offences per 1,000 population	2015/16	•	17.2	11.6*	10.2	14.8	14.6	14.3	12.6	11.3	11.5	12.0	7.3	10.6	18.8	12.3	14.6	6.6	5.9	8.8	9.9	11.1	7.9	14.6	13.4	15.1	13.7	9.2	10.6	8.5	7.7	7.4

Data is benchmarked



ark Better

Similar Worse

Worse Lower

Similar

Higher

Not compared

2.06i - Child excess weight in 4-5 and 10-11 year olds - 4-5 year olds 2016/17

Proportion - %

Area	Recent Trend	Count	Value		95% Lower Cl	95% Upper Cl
England	+	142,419	22.6		22.5	22.7
Country Living	+	11,231	22.1	н	21.7	22.4
Amber Valley	+	294	22.7	⊢- <mark></mark> I	20.5	25.1
Ashford	+	400	25.7	la de la constante de la const	23.6	27.9
Babergh	+	174	21.0	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	18.4	23.9
Bassetlaw	-	290	23.3		21.1	25.8

Alternatively can view a particular area

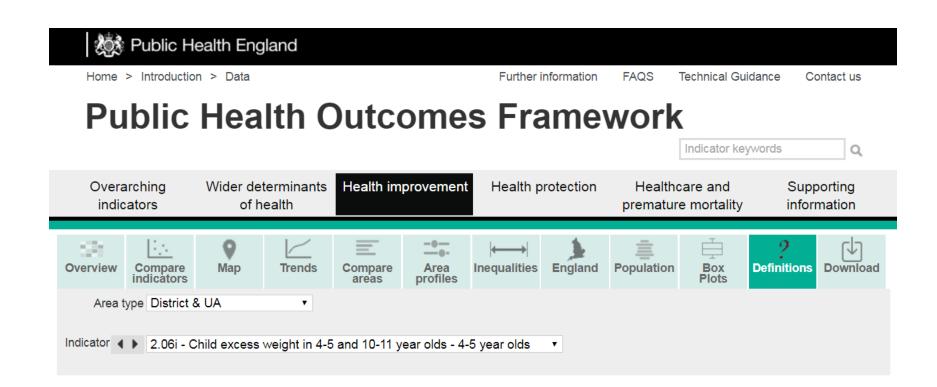
Benchmark Value

Compared with benchmark

Better O Similar O Worse

						Wo	rst/Lowest 2	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	Best/Highest		
		East Staffs			ONS 2011 subgroup	England	England					
Indicator	Period	Recent Trend	Count	Value	Value	Value	Worst/ Lowest Rang	e		Best/ Highest		
2.01 - Low birth weight of term babies	2015		27	2.0%	2.1%*	2.8%	4.8%		0	0.8%		
2.02i - Breastfeeding - breastfeeding initiation	2014/15	-	1,018	73.3%	73.5%*	74.3%	47.2%	C		92.9%		
2.02ii - Breastfeeding - breastfeeding prevalence at 6-8 weeks after birth - historical method	2014/15	-	448		42.5%*	43.8%	19.1%			81.5%		
2.03 - Smoking status at time of delivery - current method	2016/17	+	141	10.1%	12.0%	10.7%	28.1%		$\left \right\rangle$	2.3%		
2.03 - Smoking status at time of delivery - historical method	2016/17	+	141	10.0%	11.8%*	10.5%	28.1%	(2.3%		
2.04 - Under 18 conceptions	2015	+	52	26.4	16.7*	20.8	43.8	0		5.4		
2.06i - Child excess weight in 4-5 and 10- 11 year olds - 4-5 year olds	2016/17	+	326	23.8%	22.1%	22.6%	31.5%	0		14.7%		
2.06ii - Child excess weight in 4-5 and 10-11 year olds - 10-11 year olds	2016/17	+	415	33.6%	30.8%	34.2%	43.9%		\bigcirc	21.2%		
2.07i - Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0-14 years)	2015/16	+	192	91.2	95.0*	104.2	207.4		0	46.3		
2.07i - Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0-4 years)	2015/16	+	87	119.1	119.1*	129.6	255.7		0	50.8		
2.07ii - Hospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in	2015/16	+	182	138.7	140.7*	134.1	280.2			65.8		

A number of different functions



If you would like further information...



Indicator Definitions and Supporting Information

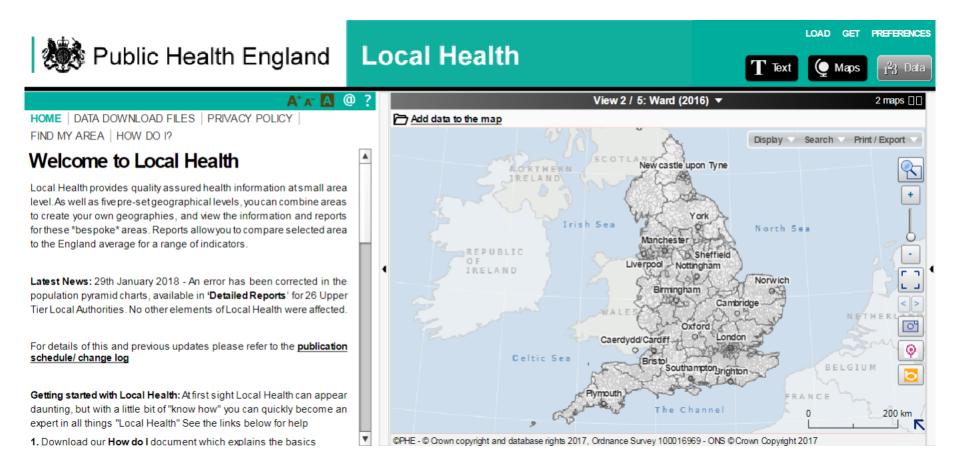
Indicator ID	20601
Indicator full name	Prevalence of overweight (including obese) among children in Reception
Rationale	The UK is experiencing an epidemic of obesity affecting both adults and children. The <u>Health</u> <u>Survey for England (HSE)</u> found that among boys and girls aged 2 to 15, the proportion of children who were classified as obese increased from 11.7 per cent in 1995 to 16.0 per cent in 2010, peaking at 18.9 per cent in 2004. There is concern about the rise of childhood obesity and the implications of such obesity persisting into adulthood. The risk of obesity in adulthood and risk of future obesity-related ill

Definitions tab includes details about sources of data, rationale for producing the indicator etc

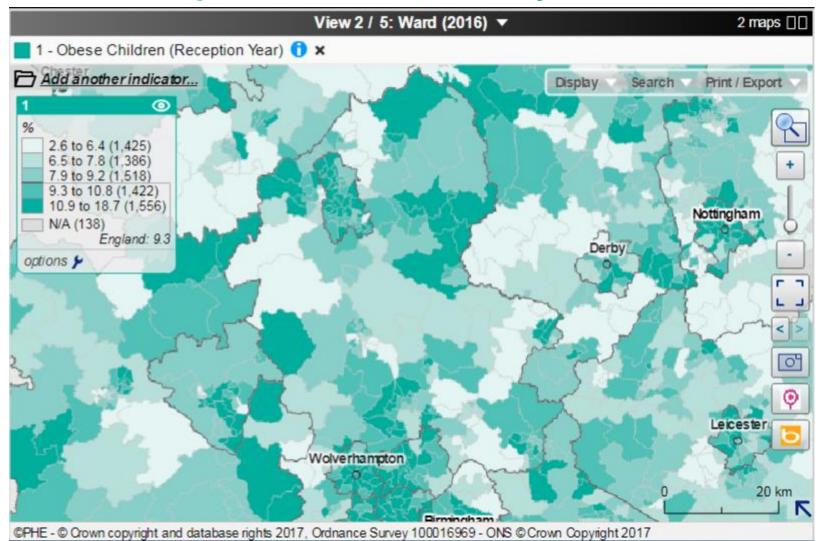
Local Health

- Free resource
- Available online to anyone and everyone
- <u>http://www.localhealth.org.uk/</u>

Local health - ward area data



For example, adult obesity



Also possible to create ward reports

Dublic Health England

Local Health

Report - Ward 2016: Milwich (Ward (2016))

Presentation map



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Dublic Health England

Local Health

Report - Ward 2016: Milwich (Ward (2016))

Ethnicity & Language

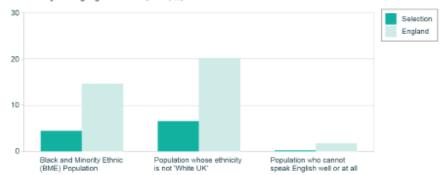
Ethnicity & Language indicators, 2011, numbers

Indicator	Milwich (Ward (2016))	Stafford (Lower Tier Local Authority)	Staffordshire (Upper Tier Local Authority)	England
Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) Population	286	6,561	36,874	7,731,314
Population whose ethnicity is not 'White UK'	392	9,709	54,680	10,733,220
Population who cannot speak English well or at all	11	496	4,151	843,845
Source: ONS Census, 2011				

Ethnicity & Language indicators, 2011, %

Indicator	Milwich (Ward (2016))	Stafford (Lower Tier Local Authority)	Staffordshire (Upper Tier Local Authority)	England
Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) Population	4.4	5	4.3	14.8
Population whose ethnicity is not 'White UK'	6.5	7.4	6.4	20.2
Population who cannot speak English well or at all	0.2	0.4	0.5	1.7

Source: ONS Census, 2011



Ethnicity & Language indicators, 2011, %, Selection

Wide range of indicators



Other resources





Health and wellbeing in rural areas

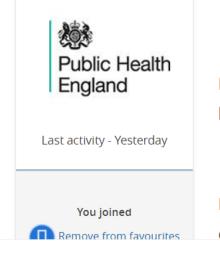


Case studies

West Midlands only

LKIS West Midlands Rural Health profiles

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Nuclei Haatti Public Haatti England	FORUM		W WIKI	ACR MEMBERS	ିର୍ଭ SETTINGS			



PHE West Midlands

This is an open group for those interested in public health in the West Midlands. Join the group and get involved in discussions, share knowledge and keep up-to-date with the latest news and events.

Please note that any of the information or activity posted via this Forum do not necessarily represent the view, or have the endorsement of PHE. unless expressly identified as such.



To learn more about any of the tools or resources outlined in this presentation, please contact:

LKISWestMidlands@phe.gov.uk

If you would like to contact your local team, please email <u>LKISxxxx@phe.gov.uk</u>, where xxxxx is NorthEast, NorthWest, YorkshireandHumber, WestMidlands, EastMidlands, East, London, SouthWest or SouthEast depending on your location (please see slide four if you are unsure of boundaries)