

# Welcome to RSN Seminar Rural Town Centres, High Streets and Village Hubs 27<sup>th</sup> October 2021



Wednesday 27/01/2021 1 pm - 3 pm CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE	Wednesday 24/02/2021 11 am - 1 pm CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE
3. Rural Digital	4. Rural Decarbonisation
Connectivity	
Wednesday 31/03/2021	Wednesday 28/04/2021
11 am - 1 pm	11 am - 1 pm
CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE	CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE
5. Rural Health & Social	6. Rural Housing
Care	
Wednesday 26/05/2021	Wednesday 30/06/2021
11 am - 1 pm	11 am - 1 pm
CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE	CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE
7. Enabling Rural Business	8. Rural Town Centres, High
	Streets & Village Hubs
Wednesday 28/07/2021	Wednesday 27/10/2021
11 am - 1 pm	11 am - 1 pm
CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE	CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE
9 Dural Economies	

#### 9. Rural Economies

Wednesday 24/11/2021 11 am - 1 pm CLICK HERE TO BOOK ATTENDANCE

The RSN seminar programme is free to members of the RSN as part of their membership. For full details <u>click here</u>







Rural Town Centres, High Streets and Village Hubs This presentation will cover:

- Revitalising Rural Campaign
- Recently announced Government Funding







We want a fairer distribution of national resources to rural areas and for more nuanced national policies that reflect rural circumstances.



🖧 🕹 🔂





## Rural Town Centres and High Streets



Rural or market towns play unique role in rural economies and life, acting as focal point for hinterland of smaller villages and hamlets

5.2 million people live in settlements or areas classified as rural town and fringe

Only 45% of rural residents have a bank branch within 5km of their home

- 11

Urban counties spend 29% more than rural counties on library services



## Specific Policy Asks on Rural Town Centres and High Streets



### Towns Fund and Future High Streets Funds

- Govt should support rural place making by reviewing and expanding Towns Fund / High Street Fund so additional places benefit
- Criteria for and flexibility of these funds should be reviewed to ensure small rural towns can access them



### **Business Improvement Districts**

- Grant Fund should be launched to help Local Authorities and Town Centre business partners develop more BID proposals for rural towns.
- While they are useful, it is substantive task for small rural local authorities.



### Bank Branches

Code which banks follow before closing a branch needs strengthening so that decisions can be challenged and reversed, particularly when it is the last bank in a community.



## Specific Policy Asks on Rural Town Centres and High Streets



#### Access to Cash

- Govt must:
- $\cdot$  Prevent further deterioration of cash infrastructure
- $\cdot$  Protect ATMs as only sustainable national infrastructure that can maintain free access to cash 24/7
- $\cdot$  Protect key schemes including LINK and Post Office Framework
- $\cdot$  Include deposit taking facilities in definition of 'reasonable access'



#### Public Services

- Govt should implement findings of Fair Funding Review taking into full account extra cost of providing services to rural areas.
- This will benefit town centres by helping to sustain public services locally and assist grant support for arts, heritage, sport and leisure venues



#### Planning

National and local plan 'change of use' policies need careful calibration to enable vacant and underused buildings in rural town centres for find productive use as housing where appropriate. They should not however undermine town centre vibrancy by allowing retail premises to convert for financial gain. There is significant scope to boost the role of town centres by making them transport hubs and ensuring they benefit from ultrafast digital networks.





# **Government Funding Pots**

-



# Levelling Up Money

**Towns Fund** 

Identified potential recipients by filtering towns by population, then applying a needs based regional allocation formula

### Community Renewal Fund

Will allocate £220 million of investment via a competitive process prioritising projects that target investment in communities in need, especially in its 'top 100 priority places'

Levelling Up Fund

The Fund will prioritise places in need of economic recovery and growth, regeneration and improved transport connectivity

Government announced a range of new funding mechanisms, to support the economic development of local communities, both for post-covid recovery and to support its 'levelling up'agenda



Government Funding favours northern urban locations Metrics and Ministers miss rural requirements

Findings of RSN commissioned research

> Towards a shared Prosperity Fund

Learning Lessons for Shared Prosperity Fund

Focus on real income levels



Government Funding favours northern urban locations

### Metrics and Ministers miss rural requirements

 Choice of where to allocate funds has been based on:

- Statistical evidence of need
- Strategic judgement of politicians and officials
- Lack of clear and consistent explanation for how ministerial judgement has been applied

- Metrics used to prioritise fund allocations fail to reflect reality for sparse communities
- Ministerial judgements ensured that the Towns Fund, against civil service guidance, set minimum threshold limits for those areas that could apply, rural towns with wide hinterland catchments were ineligible for the fund.

### Learning lessons for Shared Prosperity Fund

# Focus on real income levels

- Process for allocation and prioritisation of funds should learn lessons from recent practice and be transparent.
- Using many indicators to assess need, and to target levelling up funds, may give the impression that a wide range of factors are being fairly considered. In practice, they leave the process complicated, confused and open to unintended (and potentially intended) bias.

- Recommend prioritising funds based on real income levels achievable from local jobs
- Would show clear line between action between aim of fund and action on the ground



# Further Issues with Government Funds



 The first round of the Levelling Up Fund prioritises bids that can demonstrate investment or begin delivery in the next year – a further issue for smaller, rural authorities with capacity challenges.

 Funds that require local authorities to bid for them, can disadvantage rural local authorities with small teams and limited capacity and resources



# https://www.rsnonline.org.uk/tag/rural-lens



The Rural Services Network is fighting for a fair deal for rural communities, in all public sector funding